



Implementation of Wrong-Way Driving Countermeasures for Arterials and Freeways

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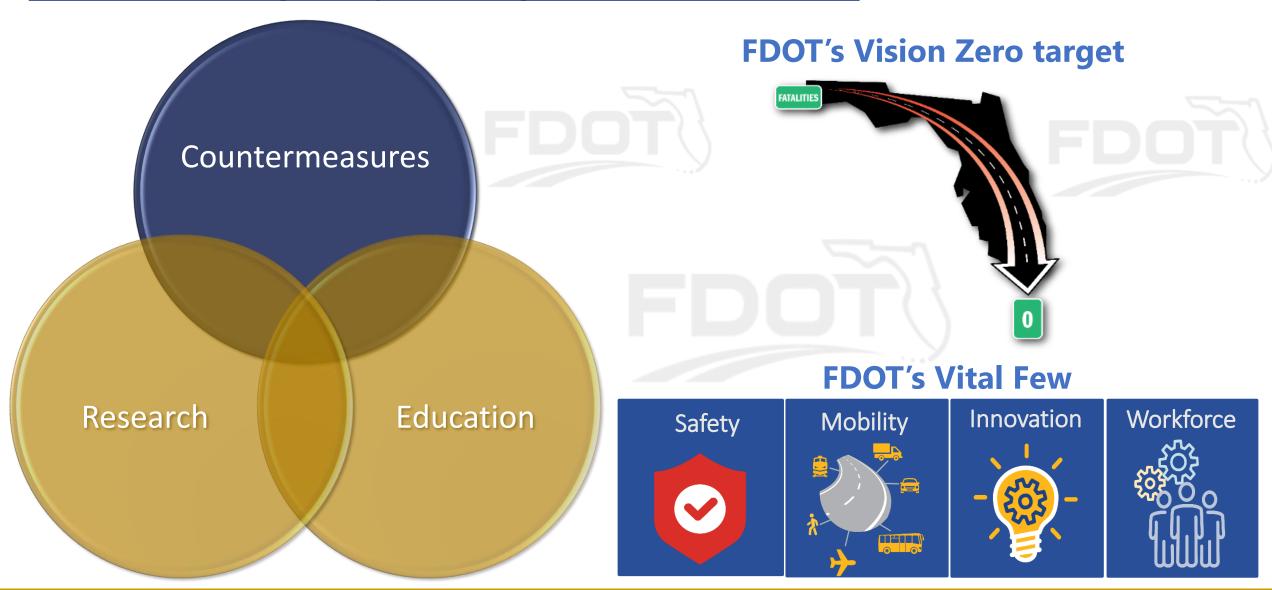
Outline

- Wrong-Way Driving (WWD) Initiative
 - Timeline
 - FDOT Research
 - Wrong Way Vehicle Detection System (WWVDS)
 - Freeway Deployments
 - WWD Dashboard
 - Success Stories
- > FDOT Arterial Research

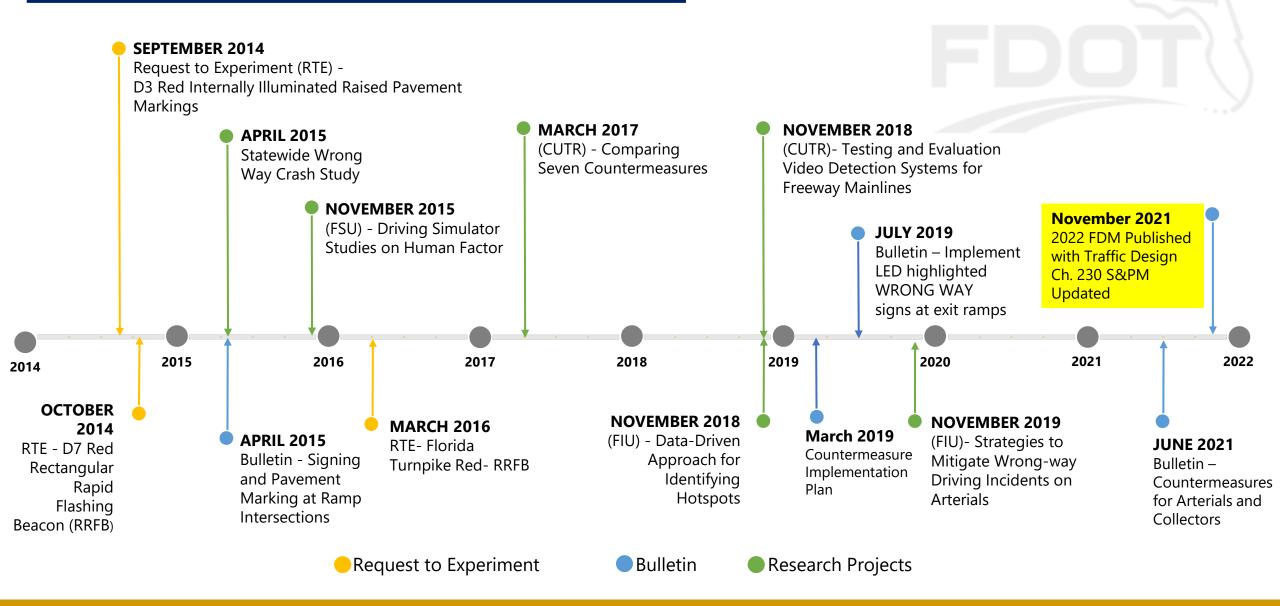




FDOT's Wrong-Way Driving (WWD) Initiative



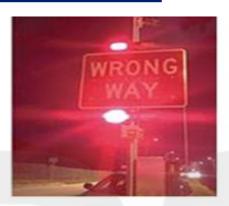
FDOT's WWD Timeline & Initiatives



Countermeasures Evaluated



Updated Signing and Pavement Marking



Red Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons



Internally Illuminated Raised Pavement Markers



Light-Emitting Diode (LED) Highlight WRONG WAY signs



Blank-out signs that flash "WRONG WAY

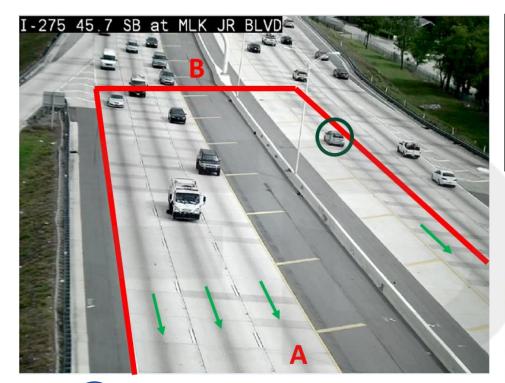


Delineators along exit ramps



Wig-wag Flashing Beacons

<u>Video Analytics - WWD Detection on Freeway Mainlines</u>



WWD vehicle

Direction of an arrow represents the correct driving direction

Correct Driving Direction is **B** to **A**, WWD Direction is **A** to **B**

- Completed research on video analytics for detecting WWD vehicles
- FDOT tested best performed system on the Howard Frankland bridge in the Tampa Bay Area

WWD Detection TMC FHP Dispatch







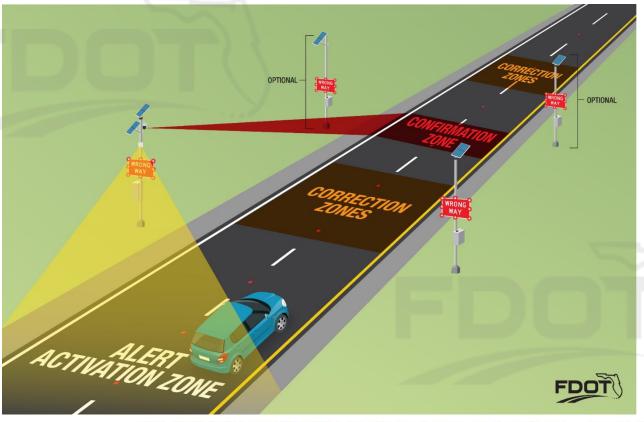
Field Installation of Fixed Cameras

Wrong Way Vehicle Detection System (WWVDS)

January 2022 Standard Specification

660-2.2.1.4 Wrong Way Vehicle Detection Systems

- Produces an alarm
- One or more detection zones
- Mainline or Ramps
- Must include shoulder monitoring



660-2.2.1.4 Wrong Way Vehicle Detection Systems: Wrong way vehicle detection systems produce an alarm output when a vehicle is detected traveling in the wrong direction and may consist of more than one detection zone and may use any of the technology types. For both mainline and ramp installations, the detection system must monitor all lanes for one direction, including shoulders. The wrong way detection system must not interfere with other vehicle presence or traffic data detection systems.

Reasons for Partnership with Roadway Design

Arterial research identified roadway characteristics we could target to mitigate large portion of crashes

Research identified crashes occur very close to point of entry so if we can correct the point of entry, wrong-way driving may be largely reduced

WWD Freeway:

- Draw more media attention
- > Often involve more vehicles
- Can cause extended closures
- Result in more fatalities per crash

WWD Arterial:

> WWD crashes are more frequent on arterial streets than freeways





Thank You!

Freeway Dynamic Message Signs



Wrong-Way Driving Initiative Video



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c8BAMdHT6GE